

Enabling sustainable logistics - through efficient autonomous shipping





Massterly is Kongsberg and Wilhelmsen's joint effort to develop the autonomous maritime market



TECHNOLOGY

- Leading in development of autonomy
- Frontrunner in digital development
- In front on cyber security

OPERATION

- In front on vessel operation
- Major logistics operator at sea and on land
- One of the largest maritime network globally



What shall Massterly deliver?

Environmentally friendly logistics enabling the shift from road to sea









30% of all cargo that is transported by truck over 300 km to be transported by waterways & rail within 2030 and 50% by 2050

European Commission, 2011









Creating a new market for ocean transportation



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Our offering: The entire value chain



Logistics

Planning and full operation from factory to dealer



Operation

Vessel operation from control center, ship management, all approvals etc.



Terminals

Design, specification, project management and operation



Manning

Access to all maritime and technical competence as required



Autonomy

All hardware and software for the vessel and the shore control center



Vessel

Turn key; design, specification, site management and approvals



Insurance Broking and facilitation



Financing Facilitation and possible participation



Autonomous does not mean unmanned, and we work with customers requesting varying degree of autonomy



The first generation autonomous vessels are battery driven



75-96 % of marine accidents can be attributed to human error



The different autonomy levels as per NMA



- **1. Decision support:** Advanced anti-collision radars, ECDIS, autopilot & track pilots. Crew in direct command of ship operations.
- 2. Automatic: Can complete demanding operations without human interaction, e.g. dynamic positioning or automatic berthing. The bridge crew is always available to intervene.
- **3. Periodically unmanned**: E.g. at night in good weather and without much traffic. Crew onboard or in escort vessel will be alarmed if there are situations the system is unable to handle.
- 4. Unmanned: No crew onboard, but direct or indirect control from shore to handle complex operations. SCC continuously supervises operations and will take immediate control when needed.
- 5. Fully autonomous: The ship handles all situations by itself, no SCC or bridge personnel at all. Unlikely scenario in the medium term due to very high complexity and the need for vessel to be under someone's command and communicate with others.



The technology behind a fully autonomous vessel



Interplay between technology and operation is crucial to succeed

Main focus in the debate is on autonomy technology, but operation is equally important

- How will these vessels be operated?
- Under what rules and guidelines?
- Is a Shore Control Centre (SCC) required?
- What is the approval process for SCC?
- Competency required for SCC operators?
- Legal aspects
- Division of responsibilities
- Insurance



Transition from today's role-based approach to a goal-based approach is required to succeed with optimization



Role based approach

Function and goal based approach

Who does what?

Actions driven by objectives





Yara Birkeland

- a fully electric, autonomous 120 TEU feeder vessel



- Sailing between Herøya and Brevik/Larvik
- Replacing 25K-40K truckloads/year
- Length: 80 m
- Beam: 15 m
- Service speed: 6 knots
- Battery capacity: 6 MWh
- Delivery (Vard Brevik) in 2020
- Fully autonomous in 2022



Yara Birkeland - Sailing area and port infrastructure



Sail within 12 nm.

- Herøya-Brevik: 7nm
- Herøya-Larvik: 30nm

Every step from fertilizer production to discharge port will be automated, with fully electric solutions

- Self driving straddle carriers
- Automated loading and discharging
- Automatic mooring system
- Charging at Herøya (2,5 MW); connecting and disconnecting automatically



ASKO project;

- Zero emissions transport with autonomous fjord crossing





ASKO project;

- Zero emissions transport with autonomous fjord crossing





ASKO project:

- Two fully electric autonomous RoRo feeders for 16 trailers



- Sailing between Moss, Holmestrand and Langøya (NOAH)
- Replacing 150 trucks daily
- CO2 emissions reduced by 5,000 tons / year
- Length: 66 m
- Width:
- Service speed:
- Battery capacity: 1,
- Target delivery:
- Fully autonomous:
- 8 knots

15 m

- 1,7 MWh
- 2021/22
- : 2024



Many geographical areas are suitable for this logistics solution









Seashuttle Project:

- Low emission and cost-efficient solution for longer distance



- Every day some 2 800 trucks pass between Sweden and Norway
- 50% of these are in transit trough Sweden from/to Europe

SeaShuttle will be a competitive option to trucks:

- Reduced manning (B0)
- Autonomous cranes onboard
- Autonomous container trucks in ports
- Reduced emissions with part hydrogen propulsion



Seashuttle Project:

- semi-autonomous container vessel with hydrogen/fuel cells
- trading between Oslo, Gothenburg, Malmo and Poland



- Awarded € 6 Million in support from Norwegian government (PILOT-E)
- Project owner:
- Partners :

Samskip Massterly Kongsberg HYON Kalmar FlowChange



Collaboration is Key







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